

The Cromwell Argus

AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 283, Vol. VI.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1875.

[Price 6d.

Cromwell Advertisements

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FAMILY GROCERS,

WINE, SPIRIT, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

We desire to intimate that in order to meet the growing exigencies of our business, we have lately built substantial stone additions to our former premises.

At the urgent request of our numerous customers, we have added to our other branches of business, that of

DRAPEY, CROCKERY, & IRONMONGERY.

We would further notify that, having engaged a Buyer in connection with our business to select special lines consigned from the Home and Melbourne markets, we will in future be in a position to offer such superior advantages to our customers as will not fail to ensure a continuance of their liberal patronage, and, more especially, will command the attention and confidence of the Trade, Runholders, and Large Buyers.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.

Our GROCERY STOCK comprises:

Teas, of excellent flavour, in chests, half-chests, and boxes
Coffees, from the pure bean, ground on the premises
Cocoa, Chocolate, of the best brands
Sugars: crystals of every shade, and crushed loaf
Bacon, Cheese, Butter: weekly supplies from the best dairies
Jams, Jellies, and Pickles

Candles: best brands
Soap: treble crown, blue mottled, household, scented in bars, cakes, and boxes
Vestas, by approved makers
Salt: table, fine, and coarse
Raisins: Muscats, Sultanas, and Eleines
Oils: salad, castor, and kerosene
Sauces: Lea and Perrins, Mushroom, Nabob, and assorted

TOBACCOES.

Imperial, Aromatic, cable-twist—superior Cameron's celebrated brands—Havelock, Golden Bar, Venus tons. Barrett's Twist, in quarter-tierces and boxes.

Water Lily, Over the Water, navy sixes Cut Tobaccos, in pound, half-pound, and quarter-pound tins, and in bulk.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Brandies: Hennessy's, Associated Vineyard, Martelli's, in bulk and case
Whiskies: Old Glenury, Islay, Longjohn's, in bulk and case
Rum: Lemon Hart's
Port: Fine old Offley's, six grape
Sherry: Gonzola, six diamond
Gin: JOKZ Geneva, Nectar, and Kummell
Old Tom: Burnett's, Bernard's
Claret: St. Julien's

Moselle: No. 2
Hock: Gold Leaf
Ginger Wine, in bulk and case
Ales: Tennent's, Younger's, and Colonial
Porter: Blood's, Byass's, Guiness's, and Colonial
Cordials: assorted
Sarsaparilla: Singleton's, Townsend's
Bitters: Selmer's, Stoughton's

IRONMONGERY STOCK consists of

Blasting powder and fuse
Gunpowder, caps, and shot
Long and short handled shovels
Spades, sluice forks
Picks and pickhandles
Gold dishes, hose-pipes
Drills and drilling hammers
Manilla and flax ropes
White lead, castor, boiled, and colza oils
Galvanised and corrugated iron
Stoves and piping

Billies and pannikins
Tea-kettles, iron and tin
Galvanised iron buckets and tubs
Iron boilers
Enamelled and tinned stew and saucepans
Axes and axe-handles
Nails, cut and wrought
Tacks, clout and American cut
Garden rakes, hoes, and spades
Cutlery, a large assortment
Carpenters' tools of every description

CANVAS, SADDLERY, AND BRUSHWARE.

HOLTS SEWING MACHINES: CABINET AND HAND.

DRAPEY & CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Suits: silk-mixture, Galatea, Paget, sac Boys' do.
Trousers and Vests: Mosgiel, silk-mixed, tweed, doeskin
Shirts: white dress, crimeans, scotch twill, tweed
Pants and undershirts, in flannel, lamb's-wool, merino, and cotton
Hosiery and hats

Dress materials: winceys, French merinos, all-wool plaids, prints
Flannels; Calicos, bleached and unbleached
Blankets, rugs, quilts
Table-covers, bed and toilet-covers
Cocoa and felt mattings
Hessian, bed-ticking, carpets
Top, waterproof, and tweed coats; etc., etc.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Boots: men's elastic-sides, watertight, half-Wellingtons; Hayward and North British Gum Boots Women's and children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers, in calf, kid, and cashmere.
N.B.—All goods in this department are marked at low prices.

CROCKERYWARE.

Breakfast, dinner, and bedroom sets complete
Lamps: parlour, hanging, bracket

FILTERS, VASES, AND LUSTRES.

FANCY GOODS.

Electro-plated Britannia-metal tea and coffee pots; meerschaum and briar pipes—a choice selection; patent medicines; stationery; perfumery.

COLONIAL PRODUCE: Wheat, Oats, Chaff, Pollard, and Potatoes.

D. A. J. & Co. have been appointed sole agents for the sale of Butel Bros.' superior silk-dressed flour, bran, and pollard; and are prepared to promptly execute all orders within a radius of sixty miles.—FLOUR GUARANTEED. TERMS LIBERAL.

SHAMROCK STORE,
CROMWELL.

SWAN BREWERY,
CROMWELL.

WILLIAM SHANLY,
FAMILY GROCER,
GENERAL STOREKEEPER,
is carrying on business at the old-established
premises, next to the Bank of New South Wales,
Melmore-street.

The BEST QUALITY of GOODS only
is kept in stock.

All orders will meet with prompt attention

Goodger and Kuhtze are now prepared
to supply their unrivalled XXXX ALES in any
quantity.

Orders left with Mr G. W. Goodger, Crom-
well, or at the Brewery, will be promptly at-
tended to.

GOODGER & KUHTZE.

Cromwell Advertisements

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

I. HALLENSTEIN and CO.,

CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, LAWRENCE, DUNEDIN, & MELBOURNE,

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

Having just removed into our NEW PREMISES, in respectfully thanking the Public for their past support, and soliciting a continuance of their patronage, we beg to assure them that our object in future will be, in order to meet the increasing demand, to keep much larger and better-assorted stock of

DRAPEY, CLOTHING, BOOTS, & GENERAL GOODS

than hitherto,—the best, in fact, ever seen out of Dunedin,—which we will sell at prices that will defy competition. Our motto will strictly be

"SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS."

We beg specially to draw attention to our splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

Comprising Silks, Poplins, Repp, Twills, Mohair, Merinos, Lamas, Batistes, Prints, Winceys, Ginghams, Alpacas, Lustres, &c. (We can offer some really good Bargains in the above line.)

Also, Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, latest style, just received from Melbourne.

Our Stock of

UNDERLINEN, CALICOES, BLANKETS, &c. &c.,

Will be found to comprise every quality, and are on sale at extremely low figures.

OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is stocked entirely from our DUNEDIN CLOTHING FACTORY.

THE BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT

Includes every description of Men's, Women's, and Children's Boots, of all qualities and prices.

A large supply of WHEAT, OATS, BRAN, & POLLARD always on hand.

Being the only authorised agents for

ROBERTSON & HALLENSTEIN'S BRUNSWICK FLOUR MILLS,

LAKE WAKATIPU,

We are prepared to supply their best Silk-dressed Flour, guaranteed equal to Adelaide.

GROCERIES, WINES, SPIRITS, & PROVISIONS.

IRONMONGERY & CROCKERY.

TIMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

PAPERHANGINGS, OILS, & PAINTS.

GRINDERY AND SADDLERY.

PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

We beg to invite the Public to come and inspect the premises and Stock, and judge for themselves.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,

MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL

April 13, 1875.

Cromwell

BELFAST STORE
OLYMPIA AND CROMWELL.
WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARD-
WARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened **EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL**, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with **EVERY CLASS OF GOODS**, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the **FLOUR & COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS** he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a **CASH BUYER** in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,

CLYDE AND CROMWELL.

WILLIAM TAYLOR,
BOOTMAKER,
MELMORE STREET CROMWELL

Has a large and varied stock of Boots and Shoes on hand, of the best quality.

An inspection of the stock is invited.

Boots and Shoes made to order in the latest and most approved fashion.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

PRICES MODERATE.



FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &c., always on hand.

* * Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.



CROMWELL BUTCHERY,
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

GREAT BARGAINS,
GREAT BARGAINS!

Just Received,

An assortment of first-class Silver Hunting

LEVER WATCHES,

By the best London makers—all warranted.

ALSO,

Fine Lot of JEWELLERY and CLOCKS.

Inspection invited.

E. MURRELL,

Watchmaker, Cromwell.

NOTICE.

COALS! COALS!! COALS!!!

The Cromwell Coal Works will in future be carried on by WILLIAMS & HAYES, who have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants of the Cromwell District to their New Seam of Coal, which is far superior to any hitherto obtained in the same works, or in any other portion of the District. They therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed, with the conviction that that patronage will be deserved.

All orders entrusted to us will be attended to at once, and on the shortest notice, as we intend to keep a good supply of coals at the pit-mouth. Coals delivered anywhere, either in or out of the district; and lowest cartage prices charged.

20s. per ton at the Works.

32s. delivered.

16 bags to the ton.

WILLIAMS & HAYES,
Coal Works, Cromwell.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

Cromwell

CHEAP HOUSE, CROMWELL,

(OPPOSITE COUNCIL CHAMBERS)

J. SOLOMON,

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

CHEAP DRAPER AND CLOTHIER.

J. S. in thanking the residents of Cromwell and surrounding districts for their valuable support since he established in the district, begs to assure all that he intends keeping up the name he has made, of being

THE CHEAPEST DRAPER AND CLOTHIER IN CROMWELL!

Don't forget J. S. was the first to bring down the prices of Drapery, Clothing, Boots, &c., and, with a fair share of support, he is determined to keep them down, and Sell Cheaper than any other house in Cromwell.

Come Early, and See the Largest, Best Assorted, and Cheapest Stock in Cromwell, now being displayed at J. SOLOMON'S NEW PREMISES.

DRAPERY, MILLINERY, &c.

Ladies', Maids', and Children's Drapery and Clothing of every description.

Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Polonaises, Dresses, made up and in the piece, in every variety of shade and texture.

New Stock of Silk Dresses, Silk and Velvet Jackets; large Stock of Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.

Calicos, Winceys, Flannels, Hollands, Linens, Blankets, Tweeds, Lustres, Persian and Russell Cords, Handkerchiefs, Merinos, Stays, Underclothing, Waterproofs, Cotton and Woollen Hose.

Handsome Stock of Carpets.

Beautiful goods in Ruffles, Laces, Collars and Cuffs, Silk Scarfs, and Silk Bows.

Alloa and Fingering Yarns.

J. S.'s motto has been, from the first day he opened, to

SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN CROMWELL,

and he intends sticking to the original motto, and

NO HUMBUG!

J. SOLOMON,

CHEAP HOUSE, MELMORE TERRACE.

Bannockburn

CARRICK RANGE HOTEL, QUARTZVILLE.

CHARLES PEAKE,

Proprietor.

The Proprietor, having recently purchased the above well-known and centrally-situated Hotel, is now in a position to offer first-class accommodation to all who may favour him with their patronage.

The Premises are fitted up and furnished on the most complete scale, and the arrangements for the comfort of visitors and travellers are second to none in the district.

COMMODIOUS BILLIARD ROOM, fitted with one of Julius Paser's full-sized tables

AN EXCELLENT SIX-STALLED STABLE, with careful groom always in attendance.

183 CHARLES PEAKE.

BANNOCKBURN HOTEL & STORE, DOCTOR'S FLAT, BANNOCKBURN,

(On the Main Road to the Nevis).

GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, and HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES of all descriptions

kept in Stock.

For the Goods, being obtained DIRECT from Dunedin, are retailed at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

N.P.—Good Stabling, Horse Feed, &c.

JOHN RICHARDS, PROPRIETOR.

BANNOCKBURN TIMBER YARD AND CARPENTER'S SHOP.

JAMES TAYLOR,

CROMWELL TIMBER AND IRON YARD, Begs to inform the Residents of BANNOCKBURN, NEVIS, POTTERS, &c., that in order to meet the increasing requirements of those districts, he has opened a Branch Establishment at Doctor's Flat, opposite Mr Richards' Store.

A good supply of TIMBER and IRON for Building and Mining purposes always on hand.

Best Material and Workmanship Cheap for Cash.

Bannockburn

A DAM'S GULLY COAL-PIT, BANNOCKBURN.

GEORGE COCKBURN

Begs to inform the Inhabitants of the Cromwell and Bannockburn Districts that he has opened a Coal-Pit as above, and is prepared to supply Coal of first-class quality and in any quantity at lowest current rates.

Large consumers contracted with on reasonable terms.

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND,

General

BLACKSMITH & FARRIER,

Begs to intimate to Mining Companies and the public generally that he has removed to

QUARTZVILLE,

where he hopes, by strict attention to business and reasonable charges, to merit a share of the public patronage.

BANNOCKBURN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

After Monday, April 27th, the Bannockburn Library will be in the SCHOOLMASTER'S RESIDENCE, Smith's Gully.

Terms of Subscription:

Five Shillings entrance fee; and One Shilling a Month, payable quarterly in advance.

Cromwell.

SEVEN PER CENT DEBENTURES.

£2000.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporations Waterworks Act, 1872.

The CORPORATION OF CROMWELL is prepared to receive applications for 40 DEBENTURES, of £50 each, at £46.

A deposit of £5 per debenture must be paid on application, and balance on acceptance. Each debenture will bear interest from February 10.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

Applications will be duly numbered on receipt, and dealt with consecutively.

Cromwell

CROMWELL TIMBER & IRON YARD,
LATE MR GRANT'S,
NEW ZEALAND & AMERICAN TIMBER YARD

JAMES TAYLOR

Carpenter and Builder, Ironmonger,



&c., &c.

Has FOR SALE all kinds of Building Material suitable for the district.

Estimates given for Buildings at the Lowest PRICES compatible with Good Material and Workmanship.

Punctuality and attention to all orders may be relied on.

• A Large Assortment of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, FURNITURE—comprising Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Iron Bedsteads, &c.

Building Ironmongery, Carpenters' and Miners' Tools, Hemp, Wire, and Manilla Rope,

SADDLERY, &c., cheap.

VICTORIA HOTEL, CROMWELL.

JAMES STUART

(Late of the Ferry Hotel, Bannockburn, J.

Begs to intimate to his friends and the public that he has purchased the above Hotel, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, and by keeping the best Wines and Spirits, to merit a share of public patronage.

A first-class table kept, and superior stone stabling in course of erection.

N.B.—The nearest Hotel to the Courthouse.

K. PRETSCHE, CROMWELL, COACH AND GENERAL PAINTER, PAPERHANGER, &c.

Has always on hand a fine selection of Paperhangings, Paints, Glass, and Mouldings of every description, at low prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Paperhanging, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

NOTICE.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING.

WILLIAM HOWE, begs to intimate to the public of Cromwell and surrounding Districts that he has begun business as Boot and Shoe Maker in the premises lately erected by him two doors above Mr Baird's residence, Upper Melmore Street, Cromwell.

Having had a long experience in the trade, W. H. is confident that he will give every satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

Good stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand at reasonable prices.

Repairs neatly and cheaply executed.

Note the address:—Upper Melmore Street.

THOMAS FOOTE, TAILOR AND CLOTHIER, MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

Ladies' Riding Habits made to order.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH, SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION AGENT, ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Agent for the New Zealand Fire Insurance Company.

REMOVAL.

CROMWELL APOTHECARIES' HALL removed to Mr J. SOLOMON'S former Premises, Next the Golden Age Hotel.**MAX GALL**, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST. Prescriptions accurately prepared.

Dealer in Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, Tobacco and Cigars.

NEWS AGENT & BOOKSELLER.

M. G. is happy to be able to state that, business having greatly increased, prices for medicines will in future be considerably reduced from former rates.

Cromwell.

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply Office of this Paper.

CORPORATION OF CROMWELL.

Public Notice is hereby given that all Persons owning Dogs or Goats within the Municipality shall upon 1st April, 1875, REGISTER the same at the Town Clerk's Office, and any person neglecting so to do is liable to the penalties therefor provided, viz., Dogs not less than 40s.; Goats, 10s.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,

Town Clerk.

March 18, 1875.

HENRICH BEHRENS, having purchased from Mr La Fontaine the business lately carried on by him in Cromwell, as well as

WHEELRIGHT AND COACH-BUILDER, begs to announce that he will carry on the same as before, in the premises opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

Good work guaranteed; and prices moderate.

Repairs promptly executed.

GOLDEN AGE LIVERY & BAITS STABLES.

THOMAS GILMOUR, Having leased the Stabling in connection with the Golden Age Hotel, Cromwell, begs to assure travellers and others that every attention and care will be paid to horses entrusted to him.

Saddle Horses always on Hire.

Horses well and carefully Broken to Saddle and Harness.

GOLDEN AGE STABLES,
Melmore Terrace, Cromwell.

PROSPECTUS
of THE
CROWN AND CROSS QUARTZ MINING COMPANY,

CARRICK RANGE.

The proprietors of the above Company, being anxious to erect a crushing-mill on or adjacent to their valuable quartz claim, known as the Crown and Cross, beg to lay the following facts before the investing public, with the hope that the object as stated may be carried out.

The ground now held by the proprietors is an ordinary six men's claim,—600 feet along the line of reef by 300 feet wide,—and within these boundaries are two if not more lines of reef, both of which have been proved to contain gold. From the first a yield was obtained of some 300 ozs. of gold, but owing to the charges for carting and crushing did not prove payable. The other reef, however, yielded the handsome return of 212 ozs. retorted gold from 180 tons of quartz. This crushing paid a good dividend. But if the battery had been on the ground, the results would have proved even more encouraging. The proprietors have now 120 tons of quartz from this latter reef on its way to the mill.

The proprietors have traced this reef 300 feet along the surface, finding it to carry payable gold throughout; and have sunk two shafts, one 30 and the other 40 feet, from which the above quartz was obtained. They have also driven a tunnel in 80 feet, which has cut the reef two feet thick at a depth of 75 feet from the surface. In the reef at this depth gold is plainly visible. By continuing this tunnel, the other reef would be cut at a depth of 180 feet.

Professor Ulrich, when inspecting this mine, gave it as his opinion that the proprietors would cut yet another reef, known as the Try Again, which would considerably enhance the value of the property now offered.

The proprietors purpose floating the company as follows:—The capital will be £6000, in 3000 shares of £2 each, of which 30s. will be paid up, leaving 10s. on call. The present proprietors will retain two-thirds of these, and now offer the balance to the public. As soon as 1000 shares are applied for, they bind themselves to devote £750 of the proceeds to erect the crushing-mill on the claim,—the said mill being in the first place to crush the company's stone, and, when disengaged, to crush for the public at a remunerative rate. The proprietors have secured an excellent mill-site at the junction of the two branches of Smith's gully, from which they can obtain a plentiful supply of water for crushing purposes. It is the intention to drive the mill by steam power at the beginning, and until more water shall be available for the motive power.

For any further particulars respecting the above property, apply to

HERBERT, WATSON, & COTTON,

On the ground; or

JAMES MARSHALL,

Cromwell.

Cromwell.

CROMWELL**VETERINARY SHOEING FORGE,**

Next door to

KIDD'S CROMWELL HOTEL.

ROBERT WISHART,

General Blacksmith, Farrier, Machinist, &c., begs to intimate to the public that he has purchased the business from Mr EDWARD LINDSAY, as Farrier and Blacksmith, and hopes by paying strict attention to business, and turning out good substantial work of all kinds, guaranteed, to merit a continuance of public support.

R. W. begs to intimate to the public generally that he has purchased the CAST-IRON BED for TIRING WHEELS from Mr LINDSAY, being the first introduced up-country; and in this branch he will guarantee to give every satisfaction.

Horses shod on the latest and most approved principle.

Light Shoes 12s.

Draught do. 17s.

R. WISHART,
Veterinary Shoeing Forge.

**THE CROMWELL BAKERY**

J. SCOTT,

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER,

Melmore-street, Cromwell.

Families waited on for orders, and Bread regularly delivered in all parts of the district.

**MINING LEASES REGULATIONS.**

PROVINCE OF OTAGO, NEW ZEALAND.

April 2, 1875.

To the Warden, Cromwell.

Sir,—I have this day paid to the District Surveyor the sum required for the survey of the following gold mining lease application, as required by the Gold Mining Leases Regulations of Otago, and I agree, upon the approval of this application, to execute a lease upon the bases thereto stated, if the Governor or his Delegate shall think fit to grant the same.—I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN S. SWAN,
for Self and Party.

Name and address in full of applicants.—Henry C. Daniels, John S. Swan, James Mitchell, Jesse Eastwood, Charles A. Daniels, Josiah Hutchinson, of Bendigo.

Style under which it is intended to conduct the business.—The Great Extended Quartz Mining Company.

Extent of Land applied for.—400 yards by 200 yards.

Minimum number of men to be employed by the lessee.—For the first six months 2 men; subsequently, when in full work, 8 men.

Amount of capital proposed to be invested.—£10,000.

Proposed mode of working the land.—By shafts and tunnells.

Precise locality.—Adjoining Daniels and Co.'s prospecting claim, Upper Bendigo, on the east side.

Term for which lease is required.—Fifteen years.

Time of commencing operations.—Immediately on issue of certificate.

The above application and any objection thereto will be heard before me, at Cromwell, on 7th May, 1875. Any person desiring to object to the issue of a mining lease upon the above application, must, within 34 clear days from the date of such application enter his objection at my office.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON.

Warden.

F O R S A L E**ONE FOURTH SHARE**

in the

ATALANTA SLUICING CLAIM,**CARDRONA.**

To a person desirous of settling down, it is seldom such an opportunity occurs, and any comment on this really good mining property would be useless.

The only reason for selling is another engagement. For particulars of yield, etc., apply to

A. E. FARQUHAR,

Branch Creek, Cardrona; or

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,

Cromwell.

Cromwell.

BENDIGO DEEP LEVEL
Q. M. COMPANY, LIMITED.

A call of One Penny per share has been made payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, April 13th.

Shareholders are notified that, in accordance with an order of Directors, legal proceedings will be taken for the recovery of calls remaining unpaid TEN DAYS after the 13th instant.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

H E A R T O F O A K Q. M. COM-
PANY, REGISTERED.

A call of One Shilling and Sixpence per share has been made payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, April 13th.

Shareholders are notified that, in accordance with an order of Directors, legal proceedings will be taken for the recovery of calls remaining unpaid TEN DAYS after the 13th instant.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

CARRICK RANGE WATER SUP-
PLY CO., REGISTERED.**S E C O N D I S S U E.**

A call of Two Shillings and Sixpence per share has been made payable at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on WEDNESDAY, April 13.

Shareholders are notified that, in accordance with an order of Directors, legal proceedings will be taken for the recovery of calls remaining unpaid TEN DAYS after the 13th instant.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

THURSDAY, APRIL 22, 1875,
at One o'clock.

At Goodger's Yards, Cromwell.

Broken and Unbroken
E L S W I C K C O L T S.

G E O R G E F A C H E,
having received instructions from Messrs CAMPBELL and MCLEAN, of Wanaka Station, will sell by public auction as above,

20 COLTS and FILLIES, rising 3, 4, and 5 years old, by the thoroughbred horse Elswick.

The 5-year olds are all broken-in to saddle.

The auctioneer can confidently say that so grand a mob of horses has never before been offered in the Cromwell district, and would urge on station-masters and all others wanting a first-class horse, to attend the sale. It must be admitted that on the sire's side they have the best strain of blood there is in the Province, whilst the dams are not to be surpassed.

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
14th and 15th April, 1875.

S A L E B Y A U C T I O N
AT
C R O M W E L L.

To Storekeepers, Miners, and others.

Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Ironmongery, Hardware, Fancy Goods, &c.

Mr W. SHANLY, having disposed of his business premises, (the Shainrock Store, Cromwell,) has instructed

Mr GEORGE FACHE

to sell by public auction, without reserve, at the Shamrock Store, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th April next, commencing at 12 o'clock each day,

The whole of his valuable STOCK,

consisting of

Groceries

Wines and Spirits

Ironmongery

Drapery, Fancy Goods, &c.

Express Waggon, and Set of Double Harness

4 Light Waggon Horses, several useful

Hacks, and other property; also,

The Freehold of Section 1, Block 88,

Town of Cromwell.

The above sale being absolute and bona fide, Mr Fache invites the attendance of one and all.

New Discovery.—Great Rush to the Great Clearing Sale at the London House.—W. Talboys would call the attention of the public to the cheapest sale ever held in Cromwell, and is fully aware that it is only necessary to make it known to cause a GREAT RUSH, for the public know from experience the great bargains to be obtained at this house, at such a time in particular. Inspection is invited, and is bound to cause a purchase. The price list will be found in another column.—ADVT.

Cromwell.

WANTED, a GROOM. Apply to Mr JAMES STUART, Victoria Hotel, Cromwell.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP to Let, in Cromwell. Apply Office of this Paper.

C R I C K E T.

Meeting of all interested will be held on the Ground THIS EVENING, at 6 o'clock: to choose Eleven, and other important business.

I N D E P E N D E N T O R D E R O F G O O D T E M P L A R S.

The Members of the ROBERT BRUCE LODGE are notified that the Second and Third Degree will be conferred in the Lodge Room on SUNDAY, 26th instant, at 10 a.m.

ALFRED PEACH,
S.D.G.W.C.T.

C R O M W E L L D I S T R I C T H O S P I T A L.

N O T I C E.

A Meeting of the Committee of Management is hereby convened to take place at the Town Hall, Cromwell, on THURSDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock.—By order.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Secretary.

N O T I C E .

Mr WILLIAM SHANLY having disposed of his business, and having determined to leave the district, has to request a PROMPT SETTLEMENT of all accounts.

Cromwell, April 12, 1875.

P O S T P O N E M E N T O F S A L E.

N O T I C E .

Mr WM. SHANLY, having disposed of his entire Stock of Groceries, Drapery, &c., privately, has determined to POSTPONE the Sale of Horses, Waggons, &c., till

THURSDAY, 22nd instant.

S U M O F M O N E Y F O U N D.

Found in Cromwell, a Sum of Money. The owner can have same, on paying 30s to the Cromwell Hospital and expenses, on application to ROBERT KIDD, Cromwell Hotel. If not claimed before One Month from this date, the whole amount will be handed over to Hospital.

Cromwell, April 5th, 1875.

D U N S T A N D I S T R I C T H O S P I T A L.

In consequence of the Committee of Management of the Cromwell Hospital having failed to make arrangements for the support and maintenance of their district's patients in the Dunstan District Hospital, the Committee of Management, with regret, have to notify that in future no patients will be admitted into their institution from the Cromwell District unless special arrangements are entered into, and that under no circumstances will persons suffering from an infectious disease be admitted.

GEORGE FACHE,
Secretary Dunstan Hospital.

A Q U A D R I L L E A S S E M B L Y,

in connection with the

ROBERT BRUCE LODGE, BANNOCKBURN,

will commence on

W E D N E S D A Y F I R S T,

14th instant,

In the Hall at Shepherd's Creek.

For tickets of membership, apply to

JOHN BEATTY,

Hon. Sec. to Committee.

F O R S A L E.

The COAL PIT and Lease of Five Acres known as STUART's, three miles from Cromwell, and the nearest pit to it. The mine is in thoroughly efficient working order, and a face of coal is open 150 feet in length. The tunnel, tramroad, trucks, etc., are in good order, ready at once to supply an unlimited amount of coal, which is of the best quality.

A good Horse and Dray will be sold with the same, if required.

N.B.—First-class Bricks have been made from the clay on the ground.

For particulars, apply to

JAMES STUART,

Victoria Hotel;

Or to JAMES MARSHALL, Agent, Cromwell.

B A N N O C K B U R N P U B L I C LIBRARY.

The Annual Meeting of Subscribers to the Bannockburn Library will be held in the School-room on

THURSDAY, 22nd instant,

at 8 p.m. sharp.

P R E S B Y T E R I A N C H U R C H.

On FRIDAY NEXT,
A CONGREGATIONAL MEETING
will be held in the
SCHOOLROOM, BANNOCKBURN,
For the purpose of electing a Church Committee
for the ensuing year.

T E N D E R S W A N T E D.

Tenders wanted for SHIFTING the Bendigo Ferry Hotel to Cromwell. For particulars, apply to

DUNCAN M'PHERSON,
Rocky Point Ferry.

T E N D E R S A R E C A L L E D

for the
PURCHASE of the
ROYAL STANDARD QUARTZ CRUSHING MACHINE
and BUILDINGS, at Quartzville.

Tenders to be sent in to GEO. JENOUR, Cromwell, not later than WEDNESDAY, the 5th of May next. "Tender for Purchase of Machine" to be endorsed on envelope.

April 12, 1875.

T E N D E R S F O R T U N N E L.

Tenders are invited for Driving Tunnel 300 feet (or cut the reef) in the Bendigo Deep Level Company's ground.

Specifications can be seen at the Company's Office, Cromwell, or Mr J. Hutchinson's Store, Bendigo. Tenders, addressed "Tenders for Tunnel," to be sent to the Company's Office on or before FRIDAY, April 16th.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Manager.

T A S M A N I A N M A I N L I N E RAILWAY.

F O R S A L E.

A large quantity of CONTRACTOR'S PLANT, consisting of earth waggons (3ft 6in gauge), timber waggons, carts, drays, barrows, portable engines, steam lift, pile engines, Blake's patent stone-crusher, fittings of blacksmith's shop, large quantity of blocks, chains, and tackle, weighing machines, chaffcutters, and a quantity of bolts, iron, &c., &c.

Apply to

MACFARLANE BROS. and Co.,
Hobart Town, Tasmania.

P R E L I M I N A R Y N O T I C E.

Mr CHARLES COLCLOUGH, Having made application for an Auctioneer's License, has much pleasure in intimating to the Inhabitants of Cromwell and surrounding districts, that he will be happy to arrange for the conduct of

A U C T I O N S A L E S

of

STOCK, MERCHANTISE, & PROPERTY of every description, with which he may be favoured; and hopes to receive that amount of public support which it will always be his desire to merit.

C. B E E B Y,

W A T C H M A K E R , I M P O R T E R,

AND

M A N U F A C T U R I N G J E W E L L E R ,

R E E S - S T R E E T - - Q U E E N S T O W N .

Orders executed and repairs made in both branches of the business by experienced workmen.

T H E C O L O N I A L B A N K

O F N E W Z E A L A N D.

A Branch of this Bank is NOW OPEN for General Banking Business.

Highest Current Rates of Interest given on Deposits.

Agencies established throughout the Australian

Colonies and Great Britain.

G O L D P U R C H A S E D.

S. C. WORTH,

pro Manager.

CROMWELL, Feb. 22, 1875.

N O T I C E .

Any person Removing Horses or Cattle from the Wanaka Station without written permission will be PROSECUTED.

All Horses or Cattle not arranged for previous to May 1st will be impounded.

CAMPBELL & MCLEAN.

E U R E K A G O L D M I N I N G C O M P A N Y, BENDIGO.

NOTICE.—A Second Call of One Pound per Share is made, and is payable to me on or before the 16th of April.

JOHN MARSH,
Treasurer and Secretary.

A. M U R P H Y S

C O M M E R C I A L H O T E L

ARROWTOWN.

The best accommodation in Town.

First-class Sample Rooms.

EXCELLENT STABLING AND GROOMAGE.
An unsurpassed assortment of choice WINES,
SPIRITS, and BEERS.

Horses and Buggies for Hire.

C O R P O R A T I O N O F C R O M W E L L .

Statutory Statement of the Rents, Profits, and Receipts estimated as the Probable Income during the ensuing year, and of the Probable Expenditure during the same period:—

	I N C O M E .
Rents	£ s. d.
...	117 5 0
Fees under Licensing Acts	255 0 0
Auctioneers' Licenses	50 0 0
Sundry Licenses	30 0 0
Fines and Fees from R.M.'s Court	35 0 0
Debts to be collected	220 0 0
Deficiency	351 3 0
	<hr/>
	£1058 8 0

	E X P E D I T U R E .
Salaries and Commissions	£ s. d.
Assessors	120 0 0
Law Costs	8 8 0
Contingencies	25 0 0
Advertising and Stationery	25 0 0
Fire Brigade	30 0 0
Maintenance—day labor	200 0 0
Main Road	200 0 0
Public Works	200 0 0
	<hr/>
	£1058 8 0

DAVID A. JOLLY,
Mayor.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

B I R T H S .

On the 7th instant, at Cromwell, the wife of J. T. H. BROWN, of a son.

On the 9th instant, at Cromwell, Mrs J. SOLOMON, of twins.

On Saturday, the 10th instant, at Cromwell, the wife of D. A. JOLLY, of a son.

M A R R I A G E .

On the 12th instant, at St. Peter's Church, Queenstown, by the Rev. J. Jones, ALEXANDERAITKEN to ELIZABETH MACLARN.

D E A T H .

On Saturday, 10th instant, at Cromwell, the infant son of D. A. JOLLY.

stitutions are becoming every year more akin to private asylums, where the patient is called upon to pay a certain sum of money per week for his maintenance, or be looked upon in the light of a pauper. In these remarks we do not particularly refer to the Clyde hospital, but to the institutions generally. It is a fact there is no gainsaying that, except among the favoured few connected with committees of management, the sentiments above expressed are a reflex of popular opinion.

Returning to the action of the Clyde hospital management, we find that it is consequent upon "the Committee of the Cromwell hospital having failed to make arrangements for the support and maintenance of their district patients in the Dunstan hospital." Now, while we are willing to concede that some return is due the Dunstan Hospital by Cromwell district residents, we cannot see any grounds for hinging the present heartless conduct upon the "failure" of the Cromwell Hospital Committee to make arrangements, for the simple reason that, so far as we can learn, they never promised to do anything of the sort. Indeed, we find that at a meeting of the Cromwell Committee on the 10th of August last, the local member of the Dunstan Committee, Mr PRESHAW, waited on the first-named body with a view to arrange some plan by which funds could be contributed to the Clyde institution. To quote from the report, "The Cromwell Committee, however, were unable to do anything in the matter, the funds at their disposal being for the sole purpose of building, but they expressed their willingness to do all in their power privately." As an earnest of this willingness, we find a sum of money was at once subscribed in the room. This, we think, effectually disposes of the charge that the Committee had "failed," etc. The Cromwell people never attempted to deny their liability to the funds of the Dunstan Hospital, and no doubt in due time would have liquidated that obligation which they morally felt themselves under; but need it be matter of surprise if repudiation follows on the hasty, ill-advised, and heartless mandate just issued? All we can hope is that circumstances will not require this community to place themselves under further favors from the irate and disappointed Committee of Management at Clyde.

BLOCK IX. is again to the front. Our sapient Councillors fondly imagined that they had put the Government on the way "how to do it," and settle the little business amicably. But, alas! an obtuse Executive reigns; and they seem determined the "Block Niners" must, *nolens volens*, "take up their beds and walk." Councillor GRANT's happy expedient for cutting the Gordian knot appears only to have had the effect of hardening the hearts of those in authority, and they have issued a manifesto which leaves no hope behind. It will be interesting to note the next act in this little drama. Here is copy of the letter received from the Under-Secretary, and our readers will agree with us it is a master composition of firmness:—

Dunedin, April 5, 1875.

Sir,—I have been instructed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the date quoted in the margin, (March 18, 1875,) enclosing copy of a resolution passed by the Cromwell Town Council on the 26th of February last, relative to Melmore Terrace and Block IX.

In reply, I am to state for the information of the Council, that the Government has not the power to authorise the narrowing of the street line, nor does it deem it expedient to seek legislation on the subject. I am to add also that the Government cannot consent to be a party to the passing an Ordinance to authorise the survey and sale of Block IX., as desired by the Council.

I have the honor, &c.,
ALEX. WILLIS.
Under-Secretary.

To the Town Clerk, Cromwell.

It is said a movement is already being initiated, through the several Mining Associations in

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DUNEDIN.

MONDAY, 8 p.m.

The criminal sessions of the Supreme Court were opened to-day by Chief Justice Prendergast, who officiates for the present session for Judge Williams. The Chief Justice referred to ex-Judge Chapman in highly complimentary terms; also to Wilson Gray's death. John Pearce, indicted for robbery from the person, was acquitted. The trial of George Johnson for rape is now being proceeded with.

Mr Norrie, the new rector of the High School, is a passenger by the Tararua, which sailed from the Bluff for Dunedin this afternoon.

Mr Dodson, of the Empire Hotel, has been summoned by the police for selling tickets in the lottery known as the "monster sweep."

The police have taken proceedings against one of the leading firms in town for an infringement of Bradshaw's Female Employment Act.

Judge Harvey was to have commenced his duties by a sitting of the District Court at Waikouaiti to-day, but to the surprise of the professional men and suitors he did not put in an appearance. Late in the day, he telegraphed adjournment of the Court till to-morrow.

John Walters, the man charged with the murder of Amos Holmes at North-East Valley, being without professional assistance, Mr W. D. Stewart has undertaken his defence.

While some children were playing on a sand-bank at Roxburgh on Saturday, a large mass gave way, falling upon and killing constable Daly's eldest son.

CHRISTCHURCH, April 10.

John Mercer, charged with having murdered Isabella Thompson, was sentenced to death to-day. He asserted his innocence.

AUCKLAND, April 10.

By a fire last night, several ship-yards were damaged. The estimated loss is £1200, for which there is no insurance.

GREYMOUTH, April 11.

Delaney, the Wellington pedestrian, ran against time—ten miles in one hour. The ground was very rough, but he accomplished the distance in 59 min. 20 sec.

The Tararua brings Australian news.

SYDNEY, April 5.

In the Sydney Gold Cup, ran on the 1st instant, Imperial was 1st; Reprieve, 2nd; and Lurline 3rd.

Lurline won the All Aged Stakes next day, beating a moderate field.

Sir Hercules Robinson's stable carried away no less than seven of the events at the meeting.

Favourable reports come from the Palmer regarding the amount of gold obtained, but it is the sickly season, and there are many deaths.

The Gothenburg relief fund in Adelaide reached over £6000.

Mr William Shanly notifies elsewhere that the sale of his horses, wagons, &c., is postponed till Thursday, 22nd instant—the same day on which Mr Fache disposes of a number of Elswick colts and fillies, under the order of Messrs Campbell and M'Lean.

A correspondent makes enquiry whether the Cromwell Fire Brigade still has an existence. We are unable to speak with authority on the matter, never having seen that body at practice, as is usual with most brigades; but we believe the organisation lives and is healthy too.

During the sittings of the R.M. Court on Friday last, the precincts of the building echoed with the shrieks and snarls of a number of fighting curs, the business of the Court being completely brought to a standstill. Mr Simpson remarked that he had before had occasion to speak of this nuisance, and he would be forced to take such steps as would constrain owners to keep their quadrupeds at home, instead of allowing them to congregate around the temple of justice. Owners of canine favorites, therefore, had better beware.

A melancholy case of sudden death occurred at Invercargill on 8th instant. Mr H. T. Ross, a well-known and long-established merchant there, had been spending the day at the Bluff, and when the train started thence at 4 o'clock he appeared to be in his usual health and spirits. He seemed to drop off to sleep 20 minutes before the train reached town, and little notice was taken of him by those in the same compartment. On the arrival of the train he was found to be quite dead. The cause is supposed to be apoplexy.

A Christchurch telegram, under date 8th instant, says:—Last night the Jockey Club considered the action of the Dunedin Jockey Club with reference to M'Kay's riding of Medora at the late Dunedin Races. It was resolved that M'Kay be warned off the Christchurch course, and that no horses ridden by him, nominated or trained by him, or in any way under his care, charge, management, or superintendence, should be allowed to run for any race at any meeting where the rules of racing as established by the Christchurch Jockey Club are in force.

On Tuesday evening last a meeting of those interested in forming a cricket club in Cromwell was held in the Town Hall. There was a fair attendance, and much enthusiasm was displayed. A considerable number enrolled themselves on the list of membership (the subscription being fixed at 10s). Messrs Preshaw, Gudgeon, MacKellar, Snook, and Marshall were appointed a permanent committee and were empowered to make arrangements for the match which takes place on Friday first. It will be seen that those interested are invited to meet this evening on the ground, when the eleven to contest with the Clyde team will be selected.

The Star's correspondent at Riverton on 8th inst. telegraphs the sad intelligence that seven miners at Orepuki, named Jas. McDonald, John Davis, James Parsons, Robert Cupples, John Dawson, John Thompson and John Thompson have been drowned. It appears they started in the Government whaleboat—better known as the Government coffin—from Orepuki, in search of the body of Memphis (one of three men drowned about ten days since). It was blowing a heavy gale at the time, and the crew were advised not to risk themselves in such a frail boat in such rough weather. They were earnestly entreated by Memphis's widow to go, and accordingly went. A portion of the boat was found on the beach, which led to a search. Six of the bodies were found, the missing one being that of Davis. They were all strong, able men, and good swimmers.

The polling for a medical officer to take charge of the Cromwell District Hospital took place on Friday, at the Town Hall. The affair did not create much stir, although a good number of residents from the neighborhood of Bannockburn, Bendigo, and surrounding localities came in to record their votes. The election was looked upon as a certainty for the local candidate, Dr Stirling, and the declared result showed the high position that gentleman holds in the public opinion. There were five candidates, and the number of votes recorded are as follows:—R. W. Stirling, 83; B. Doyle, 3; H. De Launay, 2; G. R. Lloyd, 1; Jas. M'Brarty, 0. There was one informal vote, the total polled being 90, which shows that considerable interest was manifested in the choice of first surgeon to the new institution.

The funeral of the late wife of Mr Adam Spence, Nevis, took place last Tuesday, a large concourse of mourners following the remains of the lamented lady to their final resting place in the Cromwell Cemetery. At the grave a most painful contretemps occurred, it being found just as the coffin was about to be lowered, that the receptacle was not sufficiently large, and gave evidence of having been excavated in a hurried and most discreditable manner. The service had to be stopped till the coffin could be deposited in the grave. Surely the pain of bereavement is sufficiently severe, without the feelings of relatives being lacerated by such stupid blundering—the result of gross thoughtlessness or culpable carelessness. It is, we imagine, the province of the cemetery management to see that the sexton's duty is efficiently carried out, if they accept fees which are paid on the understanding that such will be done. In the case under notice, by pure negligence, the last solemn rite of burial was scandalised, and has left painful remembrances in many minds. It is to be hoped that greater care will be exercised when next the cemetery gates are opened for the purpose of burial.

DEPUTATION TO THE GOLD-FIELDS SECRETARY.

At noon on Wednesday last, a deputation of the Town Council, consisting of the Mayor (Mr Jolly), and Crs Arndt and Taylor, conferred with Mr MacKellar in the Town Hall on several matters of local importance.

The first subject introduced by the deputation to the notice of the district representative was

THE BANNOCKBURN BRIDGE,

in connection with which the Mayor handed Mr MacKellar a numerously signed petition for presentation to the Provincial Council at its approaching session. The deputation pointed out to the Goldfields Secretary the necessity for throwing open the bridge free from toll—the present imposition being felt a severe tax by the large and increasing population at Bannockburn, Quartzville, Nevis, and other mining centres, as well as by the business men in Cromwell. It was stated the charge had recently been increased to the extent of 80 per cent.

Mr MacKellar would have great pleasure in laying the petition before the Council without delay. As member for the district, he would do all in his power to get its prayer granted; as a member of the Government, it seemed to him the only consideration likely to interfere with the bridge being declared a free one was that other communities might press in the same direction. There had been two or three bridges built in the province under the same system as that in question—which at the time was considered a very happy one—and probably similar requests might be made with regard to them, and that with the further argument that they were on main trunk lines of road.

However, he thought the Bannockburn bridge was an exceptional case, and he might say he felt sure the Government, from the fact of the bridge being a connecting link between Cromwell and such important and populous mining centres as Bannockburn and Nevis, if it saw its way clear at all, would accede to the petition. In connection with this bridge, Mr MacKellar desired to say a few words in explanation of a matter which had subjected him to a good deal of abuse and misrepresentation. He alluded to a similar petition to the present, which had been forwarded to him last session from the Town Council. With the petition there was a few words from the Town Clerk saying he had sent also copy of Bannockburn petition relating to same subject, but without signatures. He (Mr MacKellar) waited for a week for the signatures, and not receiving any further communication, presented the petitions to the Superintendent, vouching for their genuineness. Both of the petitions arrived early enough in the session, not late as had been industriously circulated, and to show that they had not been in any way neglected, it was sufficient to say answers had been received by the Town Council and also by the Carrick Range Miners' Association. That the answers were unfavourable was no fault of his.

The Mayor said he regretted the mistake, which rested solely with the Miners' Association at the Bannockburn, the signatures not being received till too late in the session. He trusted a similar error would not be allowed to occur this time.

BENDIGO ROAD.

The bad condition of this road—more particularly from Melmore Terrace to the Lower Flat—was then brought under Mr MacKellar's notice. It was thought the Government might very justly be asked to provide a liberal sum to make the road safe for traffic.

Mr MacKellar said the Government, seeing this portion of road had never been made, might probably be induced to form the road as far as was within the town boundary—indeed, he would promise this much—but the Town Council would be looked to to keep it in repair after formation. Perhaps it would be well to leave the matter of other portion of road to be dealt with in the appropriations.

CROMWELL BRIDGE.

The Mayor pointed out that the sum voted last session for the repair of this structure was quite inadequate, and he trusted Mr MacKellar would move to have a sufficient amount to get the work done at once. It was suggested that a temporary bridge should be erected higher up the river, so that traffic should not be impeded during repair of present bridge—which would be a serious injury to Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, &c.

Mr MacKellar did not think it necessary to move much in the matter, as the Government had made up its mind the bridge must be repaired. Every means would be adopted to prevent traffic being stopped, but if it must be, timely notice would be given.

This being all the business, the deputation thanked Mr MacKellar for his courtesy and patience, and withdrew.

MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1875.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

Police v. Corse.—Depositing live ashes in a public place without leave of the local authorities. Fined 2s 6d and costs, 6s 6d.

Matthews v. Scott.—Claim for £11 6s 3d. Adjourned till Friday, May 7th, on application of plaintiff's solicitor, Mr Wilson.

Grant v. Colclough.—Action to recover £50, balance due on alleged sale of 30 shares at £3 each in the Lucknow Q. M. Co. Mr Johnston for plaintiff; Mr Wilson for defendant.

Defendant's solicitor pleaded—1. That the Court has no jurisdiction to enforce specific performance of a contract such as the present; 2. General denial; and 3. That defendant acted as agent for plaintiff only.

Mr Johnston was at a loss to understand his learned friend—this was not an action to enforce performance of a contract, but one to recover a balance of money owing.

The Magistrate overruled Mr Wilson's plea of no jurisdiction.

Mr Johnston then opened the case, and proceeded to state the particulars as follows:—On 19th January last, plaintiff received a telegram from Mr O. Ball, Dunedin, asking whether he had any shares in the Lucknow Co. for sale. Plaintiff replied he had 50. The same afternoon defendant, Colclough, asked plaintiff if he had any shares to dispose of. Replied that he had, and it was agreed that if Mr Ball did not take them all, Colclough should have balance at the same price, £3. Mr Ball telegraphed the acceptance of 20 shares, and the same afternoon defendant wrote a note to plaintiff saying he had sold his 50 shares, at £3. Next day Grant sold to Colclough the balance of 30 shares, on account of which defendant paid £25. Plaintiff made repeated application for the balance due on the shares without avail. The scrip for the shares was not received by plaintiff till 16th March, when he sent it to defendant, asking to have the affair closed, or proceedings would be taken. Plaintiff's counsel contended the transaction was a purely personal one; that the £25 on account was paid as such; and that even could it be shown he was acting for another and the principal not disclosed, yet was he clearly liable. Counsel in support quoted "Roscoe on Evidence" and "Chitty on Contracts."

The evidence of plaintiff, W. Grant, bore out the main facts as stated by his counsel. When the shares were sold the transfer paper could not be signed, as Colclough said he could not tell who the buyer was. Some time afterwards, when the transfer was signed, it contained the name of Oram Ball as purchaser. It was distinctly understood Colclough was acting for himself—indeed, defendant had said to him (Grant) that it did not matter who the purchaser was (Colclough) was responsible.

Examined by Mr Wilson, Mr Grant said he allowed discount to Mr Colclough as agreed—it was not given as commission, as defendant was not acting as agent. Before going to Dunedin in February, Colclough had come to him (witness) saying he could not make Ball out in the transaction as he neither sent the money nor answered any communications. Would he (Grant) call on him and learn his intentions with regard to the 30 shares. Witness did so to oblige Colclough, and sent him the telegrams produced as to the position of affairs.

Defendant's evidence was to the effect that on 19th January last he had a telegram from Oram Ball asking whether he had any Lucknow's to dispose of and at what price. Same day met Grant, and asked him a similar question. Grant said he would sell his shares (50) at £3. Witness then told Grant he had had a telegram from Ball—would he telegraph in reply about Grant's shares? Grant said, yes; and afterwards told witness he was dealing with Ball about 20 of his shares, but was willing to dispose of the remaining 30 at the same price. Next day, Grant brought transfer form, but he (defendant) told him he could not fill it up till he got name of purchaser from Mr Ball. Grant asked when the money was likely to be up, as he wanted some just then. Witness offered, if it would be any assistance, to give him £25, which he could stop out of the money when it arrived, and plaintiff accepted. When plaintiff went to town, it was arranged he should see Mr Ball and get the affair closed. The transfer was drawn and signed in Ball's name, and when presented to

that gentleman was refused. Grant first tried to fix the responsibility on witness when he sent the scrip to him on 16th March.

Mr Wilson urged that the case was one of oath against oath, while all the writings and documents went to show that defendant's version of the affair was the true one. No doubt Mr Grant, finding that the sale of his shares had lapsed, found it easier to proceed against his next door neighbor than go into another jurisdiction against the principal. If any action would lie, it would be one for breach of agreement and damages.

His Worship decided to adjourn his decision till Friday, 16th inst.

J. O'Connor v. R. Kidd.—Claim for £12 5s, balance of wages alleged to be due for services as groan. Defendant paid into Court £2 5s in payment of all demands, and after hearing evidence, the Bench gave judgment for that amount, plaintiff to pay costs.

WARDEN'S COURT.

FRIDAY, APRIL 9, 1875.

(Before W. L. Simpson, Esq., Warden.)

The business on this side was confined to dealing with the following

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims.—Adam Aitken and another, 2 acres, head of Adams' Gully. No appearance. Struck out. Geo. Hayward, 1 acre, Goatman's Flat, was dealt with in the same manner. The following were granted:—Mr W. W. M'Dowall, 2 acres, Nevis river; Ah Kew and two others, 3 acres, near Slaughteryards, Cromwell; John Menzies, 1 acre, Bailey's Gully; John Wilson and others, 4 acres, on east side of Nevis river.

Water Race.—Crown and Cross Co., half sluice-head from Smith's Gully, Bannockburn.

Protection.—S. Halcrow and another, 90 days, claim, Bailey's Gully; P. Knudsen and others, 60 days, claim, Carrick Range; Richard Thompson and others, 60 days, claim, Carrick Range.

Residence Area.—Edmund Kennedy, 1 acre, Doctor's Flat.—Adjudged for consideration.

Agricultural Leases.—The applications of Messrs Colclough, Dawkins, and Pierce were adjourned for 14 days.

Prospecting Claim.—H. A. Daniels, J. Mitchell, J. Eastwood, and three others applied for a prospecting quartz claim of 1200 feet along the east and west lode, situated on the top of the Dunstan Range, direct south of the Kise and Shine reef, Upper Bendigo, about a mile on the Bendigo slope of the range.—Granted.

ARROWTOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

April 12, 1875.

Mr Ross, a merchant in Invercargill, died suddenly in a railway carriage on one of the Southland lines. I mention the unfortunate occurrence in case you do not obtain fuller information.

The contractors for the dray road to the Crown Terrace are making rapid progress with the work, and have been highly favored by good weather; but I fear they have taken the contract at too low a price to make it a remunerative affair.

GOLD ROBBERY AT MACETOWN.

On Saturday evening last, the general store kept by Mrs L. Jenkins, at Macetown, was robbed of a bag of gold dust, containing 9oz. 13dwt. 18gr., which had been purchased in small parcels during the week. Shortly before five o'clock, Mrs Jenkins purchased a small parcel of gold from two Chinamen, and after it was weighed she put it along with the rest in a gold bag in the drawer of the scales. Just as the two Chinamen were going away, three others came in and saw where the gold was put. Mrs Jenkins then placed the scales, stand and all, into side room, without locking either the drawer of the scales or the room door, and went out to another building at the back of the store to get her tea, leaving the three Chinamen in the store, chattering and looking at goods. She remained away some little time, and on her return she found only one Chinaman in the store, who afterwards also went away. Shortly after this she missed the bag, but was so much put out about it that she did not give an alarm for an hour afterwards. The next day (Sunday), at about ten or eleven o'clock, information was given at the Arrow Police Camp of the robbery. Sergeant Hunt went over immediately to Macetown and was taken to the place where the Chinamen who sold the gold, and also those who were in the store at the time, lived. This was up Bush Creek, a tributary two and a half miles up the 12-mile Creek. The road was a difficult one, over large boulders and rocks, the sergeant's horse's legs getting cut a good bit. When he arrived a search was made in the Chinese huts without success, and he returned to Macetown. There about a dozen Chinamen were collected around the store, but no information could be gleaned from them—"No saves" was the word. The Sergeant noticed two Chinamen standing apart with a guilty air about them, and he brought them into the store, when they were identified by Mrs Jenkins' daughter, a girl of about eleven years, as two of the three who were left standing in the store. One of these was brought down to the Arrow and searched at the camp, but no gold was found on him. It seems very unlikely that the thief will be found. Mrs Jenkins is a widow lady with a family, and who is very much respected, and has been carrying on a butchery and general store business for some time. No doubt, from the sympathy expressed on her behalf, a subscription will be readily and cheerfully made to help her to tide over what must be a serious loss in the present dull times in that quarter of the district.

LAWRENCE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

April 8, 1875.

You will have heard ere this the news of Mr Wilson Gray's death. He breathed his last on Sunday, at 12 o'clock noon. His body was taken to Dunedin early on Monday morning. All the business places in Lawrence were closed for two hours on Monday, as a token of respect to the deceased gentleman.

The Congregationalists held their anniversary service on Sunday last. Dr Roseby, of Dunedin, preached morning and evening to good congregations; and on Tuesday evening he delivered a very interesting lecture in the Athenaeum. The subject chosen was "Congregational Psalmody." The attendance was large, and the lecture appeared to be well appreciated. Advantage was taken by the Good Templars of Dr Roseby's visit—that gentleman being Grand Worthy Chaplain of the Order—to get an address from him. This he gave to a large gathering at the meeting of the St. Lawrence Lodge on Monday night.

The Loyal Blue Spur Lodge of Oddfellows intend celebrating their anniversary at the Spur by a soiree and ball, which takes place on Friday, the 16th instant. A pleasant reunion is expected.

New oats are coming into the Tuapeka market just now, but the prices quoted, 2s. 9d to 3s., are not very encouraging to the farming population.

Mr P. McGill, of Milton, has leased the flour-mill in this district from Messrs Harraway and Robertson, and is busy gristing 2000 bushels of wheat purchased by him for 4s per bushel from Mr James Smith, of Greenfield Station.

Our local Fire Brigade is showing signs of activity. 60 feet of new hose has arrived, and other 60 feet is expected, which will place about 180 feet at their disposal altogether. This, with our splendid water supply, should be of great service if a fire arose in the town, an event which it is to be hoped is far distant.

From an advertisement in yesterday's *Tuapeka Times*, I notice that the partnership hitherto existing between Mr Bendix Hallenstein and Mr M. Fraer has been dissolved, and that in future Mr Fraer will continue the business on his own account. No doubt a number of your readers will be glad to hear of Mr Fraer's enhanced prospects, and it is to be hoped that he will be successful in his future business.

The Athenaeum Committee have recently added to the attractions of that institution by purchasing a set each of chessmen and draughts, and these games appear to be fairly patronised by the subscribers. I understand the Committee intend starting a series of popular readings for the winter season.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

A CORRECTION.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—In your report of the Hospital Committee of the 1st of April, I see such a gross misrepresentation of what took place that I cannot let it go unchallenged. I never said Robert M'Laren complained to me about his having paid £5 to the funds which had never been acknowledged; neither did Robert M'Laren speak to me on the matter at all; neither was there any sparring between me and the Secretary.

JOHN MARSH.

[ENCLOSURE.]

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—I deny ever having spoken to Mr Marsh about contributing £5 to the Hospital, and it not being acknowledged.

R. K. M'LAREN.

Cromwell, April 7, 1875.

[Mr Marsh really storms about nothing. Our reporter was few minutes late for the beginning of the meeting, and the conversation he heard led him to the inference—a wrong one, it transpires—that M'Laren had complained to Mr Marsh. The truth of the matter is, as told by Mr Marsh to our reporter on the morning of last publication, that M'Laren complained to Mr Scott (a member of the Building Committee), Mr Scott complained to Mr Marsh, and Mr Marsh complained to the Committee. So that really Mr Marsh's correction is of no importance. As for his denial of "sparring" with the Secretary, nothing less than a certificate from that officer—*a la M'Laren's*—will induce our reporter to admit that he was wrong in so describing what did take place.—ED. C.A.]

CEMETERY MISMANAGEMENT.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

SIR.—Through you I desire to ask the Secretary to the Cromwell Cemetery management who is responsible for the proper fulfilment of the duties of sexton. More than once I have been a painful witness of this officer's shortcomings, and therefore I desire the above information. The general public are also interested in learning with whom lies the responsibility of such discreditable proceedings as took place last Tuesday in the cemetery.—Yours, &c.,

Cromwell, April 8.

ENQUIRER.

A deputation from the Wakatipu district, consisting of Messrs F. C. Boyes, Dr Douglas, and others, introduced by Mr Vincent Pyke, M.H.R., waited on the hon. Mr Richardson, Minister for Public Works, on Wednesday last, to urge on the Government the desirability of hastening on the construction of the Winton and Kingston Railway. The reply was simply that the Government intended to go on with the works as fast as they found it convenient to proceed.

FUNERAL OF WILSON GRAY.

As might naturally be expected from the high esteem in which the late Wilson Gray was universally held by all classes in Dunedin, as well as throughout the Province, the citizens exhibited every possible token of respect for his memory on the occasion of his funeral which took place yesterday. Early in the afternoon, all the principal business houses, shops, and offices were closed, and business was entirely suspended. A large concourse of people, numbering some thousands, assembled in front of the University Building, where the procession was to be formed, and lined both sides of Princes-street for nearly the whole distance between Rattray-street and the Southern Cemetery. About three o'clock, a hearse with glass sides, and drawn by six horses, proceeded to the Shamrock Hotel, and the coffin having been carefully placed inside, the *cortege* moved towards the University Building. The procession was then formed in the following order:

The Marshals: Messrs Gourley, Mills, and Scott.

Mounted Troopers, headed by Sergeant-Major Bevan, and fifteen Foot Police, headed by Inspector Mallard.

Firemen, under Captain Wain and Foreman Lewis.

Volunteers and Cadets, and No. 1 City Guards.

His Worship the Mayor, Town Councillors, and Town Clerk.

The Hon. the Speaker, and several members of Provincial Council.

The Clergy.

Members of the H.A.C.B. Society.

With Pall-bearers (Sergeants Hanlon and Morcane, Messrs Fair Farrell, and Howard.)

THE HEARSE.

And Chief Mourners: Deceased's two nephews, his brother-in-law, Mr Rutledge, Messrs O'Donoghue, G. E. Barton, Cahill, W. H. M'Keay, and J. Reany.

Four Mourning Coaches.

The Legal Profession, Magistrates, Goldfields Officials, &c.

Citizens on foot and in vehicles.

In the numerous procession, which must have been nearly a quarter of a mile long, were representatives of every class of the community, and many who had come from distant inland towns and districts. Among the clergymen present were the Ven. Archdeacon Edwards and Rev. R. L. Stanford, (who performed the burial service), the Right Rev. Dr Moran, R. C. Bishop of Dunedin, Rev. Father Coleman, V.G., the Rev. Drs Stuart, Copland, and the Rev. L. Mackin. Bishop Nevill was anxious to attend, as he had a great personal regard for the late Mr Gray, whom he had frequently met. A previous engagement, however, prevented his attendance. There were also present Chief Justice Prendergast, Mr H. S. Chapman, Judge Ward, the Hon. Major Atkinson, Minister for Immigration, His Honor the Superintendent, and members of the Executive, and the Hon. Sir J. C. L. Richardson, Speaker of the Legislative Council. The procession arrived at the Southern Cemetery about four o'clock. The coffin was removed from the hearse, and, surrounded by the most intimate friends of the deceased, was borne into the Church of England Cemetery, where a grave had been prepared beside the last resting-place of the deceased's brother George. The pall bearers from the cemetery gate to the grave were—His Honor the Superintendent, Chief Justice Prendergast, Sir John Richardson, Speaker of the Legislative Council, Major Atkinson, Minister of Immigration, Mr J. L. Gillies, Speaker of the Provincial Council, Mr Keith Ramsay, ex-Judge Chapman, District Judge Bathgate, Mr J. P. Maitland, R.M., Mr T. A. Mansford, R.M., Mr V. Pyke, formerly of the Goldfields Department, and Mr Warden Carew. Hundreds listened with sorrowful attention to the solemn words of the impressive burial service, and then bade farewell to the mortal remains of their large-hearted and high-souled friend—Wilson Gray.—*Daily Times*, 7th instant.

KAWARAU BRIDGE.

The following is a copy of the petition re the Bannockburn Bridge, which was handed to Mr MacKellar by the deputation which waited on him last Wednesday, in order for presentation by him at the approaching session of Provincial Council:

To His Honor the Superintendent and Provincial Council of Otago.

The memorial of the undersigned residents in Cromwell humbly sheweth—

That the Kawarau Bridge is situated on the high road between Cromwell and its most extensive and populous outlying localities,—to wit, Bannockburn, Quartzville, Carrickton, and the Nevis goldfield, and is therefore necessarily used by the inhabitants of these places both for passenger and goods traffic, to a large extent.

That the Bridge being in the hands of a private proprietor, the public are at their mercy in the matter of charges.

That those charges are found to seriously affect the prices at which goods can be delivered, as well as to obstruct that inter-communication among the inhabitants which is so necessary to progress.

While not disparaging the efforts of the Government in providing bridges, your memorialists respectfully submit that in no place within the Province is a free public bridge more necessary, and in no place could the expense be more judiciously incurred than in the purchase of the Kawarau Bridge.

The traffic is evidently so great as to leave no doubt on the minds of your memorialists that as an investment on behalf of the people it would be highly profitable, relieving them of the necessity of paying an extremely high interest on the cost of the work, and restoring to them that

which every Government desires its people should enjoy—a free highway through the land.

Your memorialists would therefore respectfully urge upon you to take the subject into your careful consideration, and relying upon your desire for the prosperity of the Province, of which this district forms an important part, together with the justice of the grievance herein complained of, they have every hope that their prayer may result in the purchase of the Kawarau Bridge, and the enjoyment of free traffic thereon.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will pray.

THE MINER.

The *Otago Daily Times* in a late issue devotes an article to the prospects of quartz-reefing in Otago, especially at Bendigo. The writer takes a thoroughly sensible view of things, and closes with the following remarks, which are worthy of consideration by those interested in mining industry:

"We most sincerely hope that capital will be forthcoming readily to test this newly discovered quartz-bearing ground. Disappointment has done so much to fasten up the pockets of our moneyed men, that we must confess to a fear lest this new chance of fostering our gold-mining interest should be thrown away. Certain simple lessons we have learned by bitter experience. First, to quote the words of our correspondent, "When a mining company possesses a manager in whom they have confidence, it is the best plan to permit him to carry on the work after his own ideas, or they are likely to realise the fable of the man with the donkey. All that is required is a little patience. If operations had been discontinued in Victoria because mining companies found the shoot of stone run out, there would scarcely be a single mine at work at the present day." Again, it is impossible to speak too hardly of the wretched habit into which some companies have fallen, and which they have bitterly rued, of sending unpractical business men to manage. What is required in a manager is a practical knowledge of gold-mining, along with those same qualities which make a good contractor. Having got such a man, and having paid him well, he should be let alone a great deal. We have every confidence that the Bendigo reefs are to all intents and purposes the beginning of a new and more energetic state of things in quartz mining. It must be plain to everyone that such undertakings are just what are wanted in the Province, more especially on the gold-fields, to give that encouragement, that fillip, to the energies of our miners, which has for a long time been wanting. In all probability, quartz company-mongering will very soon be rampant here again. It is the curse of the country that the parasites of the *bona fide* miner are for ever injuring his true interests by their specious and pretentious prospectuses. It is to be hoped that the public will hesitate sufficiently to examine into the character and meaning of the schemes which are sure to be thrust down their throats. We hardly know which is the more likely to injure quartz mining in the long run, the injudicious or greedy zeal of mere speculators looking for their reward in the parings and clippings of the promotion, or the stolid unwillingness of those who have money to invest it in an industry so certain to produce satisfactory results to the Province by its success."

NEW GOLD-SAVING APPARATUS.

The Ballarat correspondent of the *Melbourne Argus* gives the following account of a recent invention for saving fine gold, floured mercury, and pyrites, which will no doubt interest our mining readers:

Numerous as have been the inventions for saving fine gold and pyrites, and numerous as have been the failures in the same line, efforts are not wanting among the ingenious to step once more into the breach in which the hopes of so many lie dead. Mr Hugh Gray, machinist, of Dana-street, has had the courage to place a model of a machine for saving fine gold, floured mercury, and auriferous pyrites, which he has invented, before the public; and to-day it was tested in presence of Mr Flude, of the School of Mines, some mining authorities, and the representatives of the press. The machine is rather difficult to describe, but I may say that the model was made of a circular copper vessel with a contracted bottom, falling about 1½ in below the rim of what appears, looking down at the vessel, to be the actual bottom, the outer rim of the bottom forming a segment of a circle, and the rest being flat to where it is turned up in the centre to allow the shaft by which it is set in motion to come through. This vessel is fitted with another copper disc, which, when fixed, shows a declination to the centre, in which there is a hole for the shaft to pass through, and on the surface of it are fixed three pins, which keep the deposit constantly stirred up, as the outer—for it is not the inner that is set in motion—vessel revolves. There is also a dependent ledge to the inner vessel on its outer circumference, with a contrary declination to that of the inner surface, which ledge extends to within an eighth of an inch of the side of the outer vessel. On the inner concave surface there is a hopper, attached to which is a feeder for the hopper, the hopper also regulating the level of the water in the outer basin, by which it is allowed to rise just as much as is required above the depressed edge of the outer circumference of the inner disc. When started, the revolution of the outer basin communicates a centrifugal action and power to the water, by which the latter constantly throws over the rim of the inner disc all the lighter material, in the shape of

sludge and fine sand, which is gradually washed down into the outlet at the centre of the disc, and carried off. The advantages claimed for this contrivance are, besides its efficiency, its simplicity, economy, and lightness.

The model was just 16 in in diameter, but Mr Gray is of opinion that the best size for general use will be from 4 ft to 4 ft 6 in, and it is estimated that one-horse-power will be sufficient to work six of the larger size simultaneously, probably eight. One great feature in favor of the machine is, that it may be applied to the crushed quartz direct from the battery or tables, to tailings, or to alluvial wash. What was operated on to-day was half a cwt of the "refuse" from the Sultan mine at Blackwood, the refuse being passed through the ordeal of the Chilian mill. Those present did not wait to see the exact quantity of metal saved, as it would have taken too long; but Mr Gray showed the results of a precisely similar quantity of the same lot of stuff which he treated yesterday in presence of a few mining friends, and from what could be seen in the bottom of the dish, there was no doubt that to-day's results were as good, if not better, than those of yesterday. Yesterday's results gave, as near as could be judged, 3dwt of mercury, a small dot of amalgam, and a fair sample of auriferous pyrites; and I must not here forget to say that the machine retains the auriferous and throws out the non-auriferous pyrites, owing, it is said, to the revolving water acting on their relative specific gravities. Besides that result, however, Mr Gray roasted the pyrites he had saved from another lot of the Sultan refuse, and obtained a good sample of gold. If, then, from this mining waste mercury can be extracted at the rate of 6dwt to the cwt, that gives 6oz to the ton, which, at 8s per pound, would be say 2s 6d; the amalgam saved would be more than equal in value to the mercury by probably 100 per cent—say, 5s—and the pyrites when roasted and treated would give, judging from the tests made, nearly half a pennyweight to the cwt, or half an ounce per ton. According to the time occupied to-day, a machine 4 ft in diameter would treat 130cwt of waste in 24 hours, and as one-horse power can drive eight machines, the gain from the waste in 24 hours, with eight machines, should exceed £100, less expences; and if blankets and ripples may be dispensed with, as it is said they can, the profit might be much larger. There is, in Mr Gray's opinion, a probability of improving the working of the machine so much, as to counterbalance the cost of roasting the pyrites and retorting the mercury, so that on the whole, supposing the above estimate to be too high, there is still a large margin for profit left to be got from what is now viewed as worthless. I believe it is likely that some of our mining companies will give Mr Gray's invention a fair trial, on a scale that must establish its value commercially.

THE GOTHENBURG WRECK.

The following is the report of Mr James Putwain, the diver, who has been working at the wreck of the steamship Gothenburg:—"I left Bowen on Sunday morning, the 7th inst., at 6 o'clock, in the Florence Irving, with a boat, diving apparatus, and a crew, for the purpose of trying to recover gold and other valuables supposed to be lost in the Gothenburg. We were cast adrift from the Florence Irving near the scene of the wreck at noon the same day, and the steamer proceeded on her voyage. The wreck was found lying with head N.E. and S.W., with a strong list to port, the stern in about ten fathoms of water, and the bows in about five fathoms, with her forecastle and yards lying awash. I found much difficulty in getting down in consequence of the strong current and heavy wash on the reef, and finding it was impracticable to go down from the boat, I rigged a temporary stage from the maintop, which was a few feet out of the water. Here I fitted up my diving apparatus, and there made my descent from the rigging to the captain's cabin, but my air tube becoming entangled with the ship's funnel I had great difficulty in clearing it, and at one time thought the consequences would have been very serious, owing to the attendant being unused to handling the apparatus. After some delay I succeeded in clearing the tube, and was compelled to come to the surface to give fresh instructions. I then descended the second time, and took a short survey of the ship. I found her broken abaft the fore chains, and the funnel partially down; but the deck is not started abaft of where she is broken. The captain's cabin was broken away except the roof and combings. After a diligent search I got the box supposed to contain the gold on the lee side of the combings of the captain's cabin, and at once slung it, and placed it in a convenient place for hoisting to the surface. I then endeavoured to descend the cabin stairs, but only could get down a few steps in consequence of not having sufficient length of tube; but here a melancholy sight presented itself, for at the port side of the vessel, and at the foot of the saloon stairs, I saw two females, with one apparently having her arm around the other. I was anxious to get there to obtain, if possible, a portion of their hair which was flowing loosely about them, or some other relic that might be identified by their friends, and save them as a memento of their fearful and sudden loss, but unfortunately I was unsuccessful, for the reason previously mentioned. Finding that at this time I could not do further good at the wreck, and after making the gold secure in the boat, I proceeded to Bowen, and reported all the particulars to the proper authorities, and deposited the gold in the Joint Stock Bank.

PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL

Sickness is very prevalent in Wellington and Napier just now, and benevolent funds are being raised to aid distressed sufferers. In the latter place 94 deaths have occurred during the past three months.

Recently the hon. R. Campbell made a donation of £200 to the Oamaru hospital; and we see by the local paper that Messrs Oakden and Browne, squatters, have made a further gift of £100 to the same institution.

Sullivan, the New Zealand murderer, is still detained in the Melbourne gaol. He does not work, spends his time in reading, and seems quite satisfied with his quarters. It is probable that he will be shipped off to America if the Government gets a chance.

Mr Lowther Broad, R.M., at Nelson, and who for some years held the position of Warden of the Arrow district, has passed the necessary examination previous to admission to the bar, and was highly complimented by Judge Johnston, who conducted the examination.

The racing stock of this Province has received a valuable addition in the shape of Rory O'More, the well-known hurdle and flat racer. He is a bay gelding, seven years old, by Obscurity, out of Kate Kearney, by Romeo, out of mare by Rory O'More (imported), and was the property of the late W. C. Winch, at the sale of whose stud in Melbourne on the 22nd ult., Mr H. Yeend purchased him for 325 guineas.

At the Taieri races last week, Mr Smith's Wee Lad won the Selling Race, and was bought in for £41, thereby adding £21 to the Stewards' funds. There having been some dispute, the Stewards decided to re-sell Wee Lad, and he was knocked down to Mr Sydney Turnbull for £44. Mr Smith had previously protested against the sale, and declined to give up possession of the horse. It is probable that there will be a law-suit over the matter, Mr Turnbull having given the Stewards a cheque for the £44.

Mr G. B. Barton, solicitor, late of Queenstown, announces that there will shortly be issued, under his editorship, "A digest of the law and practice of the Resident Magistrate's and District Courts, with that of the Supreme Court on Appeals, and other proceedings connected with those Courts; containing all the important decisions in England (under the County Courts Act since 1846), in Victoria (under the County Court Statutes), in New South Wales (under the District Courts Acts), and in New Zealand; with notes and references."

A contemporary remarks:—That the proceedings of Major Edwards, the resident Magistrate at Wanganui, are occasionally eccentric is pretty generally known. He seems at last, however, to have exhausted people's patience, and the *Chronicle* in a late issue says:—"Out of pity and consideration for the feelings of the family and friends of Major Edwards, we have hitherto confined ourselves to general remarks as to his unfitness for his position, hoping that nothing more would be necessary. In future, we shall report in full his judicial utterances, and our comments thereon will be sufficiently explicit."

Says a late West Coast paper:—"Accidents will happen in the best regulated families," and in accordance with the old saying, on Saturday last Val Vose's dummy assistants, "Johnny Trotter," "Mrs Brown," and others, who have afforded so much amusement to the residents in town, were seized by the bailiff at the suit of a former servant of Mr Vose. The consequence was that our old friends "Johnny" and others were sold by auction, and bought in by a member of the Company, but the price did not cover the costs of the warrant, execution, &c.

The criminal proceedings instituted at Queenstown by Denis Powell, a local hotel-keeper, against two of his employés—William Jackson Barry and Charlotte Sloane—appear to have excited a great deal of interest in the district. It will be recollect that in the first instance Barry and Sloane were charged with stealing certain articles, and that after hearing the evidence Mr Beetham, R.M., dismissed the information against Barry, saying that there was not the shadow of a case against him; and declined to commit Sloane, because the articles identified were of trivial value, and it would have been the height of absurdity to have put the country to the expense of about £500 in sending such a case to Dunedin. In accordance with a direction from the Bench, Sloane was proceeded against summarily and charged with having unlawfully in her possession a quantity of linen goods the property of Mrs Powell. The *Mail's* report says that the production of these articles made part of the Court-house look like a laundry room. Sloane's defence was that some of the articles claimed by Mrs Powell actually belonged to her, and that others had been placed in her box by some one who intended to injure her. This latter hypothesis was rejected by Mr Beetham, who sentenced her to a month's imprisonment in the Queenstown gaol. Here, adds the *Mail*, a most painful scene ensued in a crowded Court. The prisoner broke forth into most heart-rending screams, accusing the prosecutrix of having ruined her. So violent was her sobbing that it is stated she broke a small blood vessel. In connection with the case, an advertisement appears in Thursday's *Mail*, purporting to be signed by seventy residents, in which sympathy is expressed for the unfortunate girl Sloan, and the prosecution stigmatised as harsh and uncharitable. The girl herself writes a long letter from the gaol, which leaves a painful impression that she is suffering in innocence.

MR VOGEL AND MR FELLOWS.

By last Home mail we received a pamphlet embodying the reply of the Premier, to a letter written by Mr Charles Fellows in *Frazer's Magazine*, who will be remembered as writing in the *Daily Times* under the signature of "Master Humphrey." We extract from the able reply as follows:

"Sir,—In your last month's number an article appeared signed 'Charles Fellows,' in which the writer, to the best of his ability, said everything he could against the financial position of the Government of New Zealand. In an eccentric fashion he grouped a great variety of statements—some being merely his own assertions, others supported by scraps of speeches, and others again by reported conversations with persons whose names were not mentioned. Were the article to appear in New Zealand with Mr Fellows' signature, very little or any notice would be taken of it; for he is known there as a person who, under the *nom de plume* of 'Master Humphrey,' wrote for an Opposition newspaper letters attacking the Government. Those letters at first excited surprise, then their extravagance caused amusement, and at length people became weary of them. Mr Fellows left New Zealand, and I have heard that in Sydney he published a pamphlet attacking the New Zealand Government, but I have not seen it. He has now chosen a larger theatre, and his statements become of more importance since they appear in your influential magazine. I crave permission to expose the misrepresentations and the false deductions therefrom in Mr Fellows' article."

Mr Vogel then points out that the cardinal point in Mr Fellows' charges is, that the Colony yearly manufactures surpluses by spending borrowed money on purposes which should be provided for out of ordinary revenue. Mr Vogel answers by a statement of facts "leaving your readers to realise how Mr Fellows has distorted them or given them a false meaning." He narrates the history of the Colonial finance, and gives two tabulated statements shewing the expenditure out of loan for the same purposes, since 1853, total £5,970,427 of which £1,761,964 was paid out of revenue. He maintains from these figures that the Colony has done the best that could have been expected to meet such an abnormal expenditure from its revenue, and has manfully faced and overcome a difficulty, and accepted a burden from which other colonies were free. A second table shows that if the interest on loans for this purpose, which has been paid out of the revenue, be added cumulatively at 5 per cent., it will be seen that the Colony has paid £3,528,811 for Native purposes out of the revenue. He defends the Colony from the charge of "applying borrowed money to maintain the regular establishment of the Government," and declares it to be quite untrue. He presumes that no one will dispute the right to cost the charge of engineers, surveyors, draftsmen, and other officers engaged in labors connected with the construction of works, as fairly includable as a part of the cost of such works. He describes as a scandalous perversion of fact the statement that the borrowed money is used to pay interest on the public debt. He controverts Mr Fellows' statements as to immigrants and immigration, vindicates and explains the policy of public works as reviving confidence in trade, increasing land sales and settlement, as well as largely augmenting the wealth and revenue of the Colony. He meets the charge of extravagance in public buildings by showing how much New Zealand is behind other colonies in these matters, and how careful the expenditure on them has always been. He exposes Mr Fellows for the stress laid on Southland and other failures, and public works which are old and forgotten things, and have nothing to do with the Government. He refutes his statement as to the Port Chalmers Railway, and deals with all his assertions most fully and in detail, quoting facts and figures in support. He shows what the great resources of the country really are. He ridicules Mr Fellows as one who came to New Zealand prolific of complaints against Vancouver's Island, the colony from which he then came, as one of those persons of whom France has produced so many, who find it impossible to be contented with any Government under which they live. He concludes—"I have answered Mr. Fellows under circumstances of difficulty. I received your number containing his article at Florence, several days after it was published, and my reply has been written amidst the weariness attending a slow recovery from serious illness, and with but few books and documents accessible. I should have liked to do more justice to New Zealand—a colony as prosperous as any country in the world, which has immense resources, and is sure of a great future. But not only on its resources does it depend. I am a comparatively recent colonist, but I may without egotism say that far above climate, soil, and mineral and other capabilities, the strength of New Zealand depends on its people. A country may support population in spite of original sterility—as witness Utah, not to mention many spots in Europe. Upon its people depends a country's success, and the Colonists of New Zealand have those virtues of frugality, faith, industry, and energy which ensure success and happiness to their possessors. In the New England States, the grand qualities of the early Puritan founders show themselves in their remote descendants. Generations will live and die in New Zealand, and still the homely virtues of its pilgrim fathers will be reproduced, and will gain for the land a great place amongst the dependencies of the Empire to which I believe they will, like their ancestors, glory to belong."

SELECTIONS.

An Amateur Hangman.

The hangman in the three Liverpool executions was the "gentleman amateur" who preferring to be designated as "Calcraft's assistant," executed the notorious Thomas Corrigan in a very scientific manner, and by his subsequent handling of his "subject," proved conclusively to those who witnessed his cool and careful examination of the body that he had studied in a school of medicine. On his first appearance at a Kirkdale execution with Calcraft (who by-the-by, is lying on a bed of sickness in London, and may be said to have retired from the "profession"), it will be remembered that he was believed to be a farmer from South Wales, so enthusiastic in the pleasant operation of depriving other people of their lives that he willingly followed the veteran executioner through the country and rendered him gratuitous service. Evans was then the name assigned to him; but on a subsequent occasion he was known as "Mr Anderson," and at the present execution he particularly requested the prison authorities not to divulge his name to the representative of the press. Who he is or what he is may be for ever shrouded in mystery, but that he is a man possessing peculiar "talent" for the repulsive office he undertakes is undeniable. The systematic fastening of the rope and the excellent terms upon which he appears to be with himself after the event justify any one who saw a man well-attired, wearing a semi-clerical wide-awake, with a white cambric handkerchief protruding from his left breast pocket, in believing that he was no common hangman, and that the duties that he undertakes in decreasing the population of this realm have a fascination beyond mere pecuniary remuneration. Upon the occasion of his last visit to Kirkdale gaol in an official capacity, it was understood that his services would no longer be called into requisition in consequence of the tone adopted by him towards the prison officials, but he seems to have conquered the antipathy to him and he is regarded as the legitimate successor of the veteran Calcraft.

About Canaries.

"The Loafer in the Street" in the *Canterbury Press* thus discourses on these feathered pets:—Canaries are a very popular institution in this musical metropolis. You have to be careful about selecting them though, I mention the following facts in proof of the above statement. I bought a fine canary recently from a most respectable looking man and presented that bird to my landlady. He was a haughty looking bird. I was given to understand that consecutive fifths were a trifle to this vocalist, and the aristocratic appearance of that bird you could never imagine. The first morning he took to bathing himself, and I became aware that the majority of his back had been gummed on by his former owner. When that bird had finished his toilet he was very near as bald as a jug. I didn't so much mind this, because he might be on the moulting, but he didn't seem to care about singing. I watched him for a week waiting for him to make a trill or two, but he was a terror on silence. I then showed him to a friend who is keen on canaries. He said "Ah, that bird wants company; you leave him here a bit." I did. In a week my friend brought him back. He said "That's a real queer bird of yours. He eats all day. He's eaten two shillings worth of seed since he's been here, and once he got that larky on it he escaped from his cage, and I had to pay half-a-crown to a boy who caught him." I paid these charges. But there was no gratitude about that bird. He would smile at us with that fraudulent grin which you may have noticed as peculiar to birds which you buy cheap; but practice his scales he would not. Another fellow who knows about poultry came to me and said, "That bird of yours is pinching in that small cage; he'll never prosper there." I put him in a large sort of young aviary, price 8s 6d; and then that bird still kept up his scornful mien and refused to encourage his feathers to grow at all or sing either. One morning he took the heavens and died. We discovered at the postmortem that he had no tongue. You mind now how you pick up cheap canaries, unless you're buying on commission for a friend. It don't so much matter then, because you feel he may learn experience.

The *Jewish Messenger* states:—"We take pleasure in referring to the merits of the ladies of the Rothschild family, not because they are wealthy, but for the simple reason that, in spite of their wealth, they strive to be useful. The men are immersed in business; they are charitable, but people will say that it easy to be charitable if you are rich. The women are public-spirited, intelligent, and warm-hearted, founding hospitals, reformatories, children's homes—endowing various scholastic institutions, encouraging many struggling professionals, and taking a great personal interest in the doings of the poor. Baroness Lionel makes weekly visits in the meanest portions of London, brightening the home of the Jewish artisan, giving her good counsel to the earnest teachers of the free schools, and to the matrons and assistants of the various charities. The daughter of Alphonso, of Paris, teaches a good lesson to her sisters in faith, and to rich young ladies of every creed, by receiving a well-deserved diploma as teacher. Anselm's daughter in Vienna is prominent in music, not only composing songs that attain popularity, but aiding struggling musicians by pen and purse."

Mistaken Identity.

Max Adeler has a friend named Slimmer, who deserves pity. He was going up to Reading not long since, and when reaching the dépôt he happened to look into the ladies' room. A woman sat there with a lot of baggage, and when she saw Slimmer she rushed towards him; and before he could defend himself she threw her arms about his neck, nestled her head upon his breast, and burst into tears.

Slimmer was amazed, indignant, confounded, and ere he could find utterance for his feelings, she exclaimed:

"Oh, Henry, dear Henry, we are united at last. Are you well? Is aunt Martha alive? Haven't you longed to see your own Louisa?" And she looked into Slimmer's face, and smiled through her tears.

"Madam," said he, solemnly, "if I am the person alluded to as Henry, permit me to say that you have made a mistake. My name is Lemuel, I have no aunt Martha, and I don't own a solitary Louisa. Oblige me by letting go my coat; it excites remark."

Then she buried her bonnet deeper into his waistcoat, and began to cry harder than ever, and said:

"Oh, Henry, how can you treat me so? How can you pretend that you are not my husband?"

"Madame," screamed Slimmer, "if you don't cease slopping my shirt bosom, and remove your umbrella from my corn, I shall be obliged to call the police. Let me go, I say."

"The children are here," she persisted; "they recognise their dear father; don't you, children?"

"Yes, yes," they exclaimed; "it's pa; it's our own dear pa."

And then they grabbed Slimmer by his trouser-legs, and hung to his coat-tail.

"Woman," he shrieked, "this is getting serious. Unbind me, I say."

And he tried to disengage himself from her embrace, while all the brakemen and the baggage-masters and newsboys stood around and said his conduct was infamous. In the midst of the struggle a stranger entered with a carpet-bag. He looked exactly like Slimmer, and when he saw his wife in Slimmer's arms, he became excited, floored Slimmer with the carpet-bag, sat on him, smote his nose, caromed on his head, and asked him what he meant. Slimmer was removed on a stretcher, and the enemy went off with his wife and family in a cab. He called next day to apologise. His wife had made the mistake because of Slimmer's likeness to him. And now Slimmer wishes he may soon be kicked in the face by a mule, so that he will resemble no other human being in the world.

VARIETIES.

"Krect.—A young lady says that a ball is her sphere of delight."

"Phlebotomy.—Fleas are not infectious, as they are not easily caught."

"Irish.—A Paddy declares that he is related to the Lakes of Killarney and the Groves of Blarney."

"Amoag the lawyers recently assembled to attend a Superior Court in Georgia were no less than 18 "écol mels."

"Ah Jemmy," said a sympathising friend to a man who was just too late for a train, "you did not run fast enough." "Yes I did," said Jemmy; "but I did not start soon enough."

A couple of Iowa blacksmiths, formerly in partnership, have a curious lawsuit. One sues the other for labor performed and money paid out, and the other presents a counter-claim for twelve months card-playing indulged in by the plaintiff when he should have been at work.

They were not divided. There was something lovely about them even in death. It was on a Kansas prairie and they lay side by side. Tom's thumb in Jack's left eye, and Jack's revolver pushed into Tom's right ear. They had fit it out.

A Simple Case.—An eminent judge said to a jury who had passed a sleepless night in their room, unable to agree on a verdict: "Gentlemen, I am surprised you cannot agree in this case. I could agree either way in five minutes."

It is very foolish to be always reading and taking notes and trying to remember things. How much better to know as little as possible, and so, in every piece of information that is given you, to find the charm of novelty, which is the charm of existence.

Erie, Pennsylvania, is one of the liveliest towns in the Western Pennsylvania, and is a great railroad centre. Last month the freight receipts at this point were two boxes of sardines and a bag of oats, but this month it will be nearly double that.

This is how an American journal reports an act of cremation:—"The latest zephyr from Kausis is laden with the perfume of a baked boy. It is reported that cremation has been inaugurated at Leavenworth, and that a Mr Miller placed the body of his son, who died at the age of ten years, into a furnace specially constructed for the purpose, and subjected it to the process of cremation in the presence of a large number of surrounding friends and admiring physicians. The boy panned out well, his ashes being all that could be desired."

We are sorry to learn (says an American paper) that a German chemist has succeeded in making a first-rate brandy out of saw-dust. We are a friend of the temperance movement, and we want it to succeed; but what chance will it have when a man can take a rip saw and go out and get drunk with fence-rail? What is the use of a Prohibitory Liquor Law if a man is able to make brandy-smashes out of shingles on his roof, or if he can get delirium tremens by drinking the legs of his kitchen-chairs? You may shut an inebriate out of a gin-shop, and keep him away from taverns, but if he can become uproarious on bailed saw-dust and desecrated window-sills, any attempts at reform must necessarily be a failure. It will be wise, therefore, if temperance societies not butcher the German before he gets any further.

Miscellaneous.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

RISKS TAKEN ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

JAMES MARSHALL,
Melmore-Street, Cromwell.

CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £40 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual subscription, £1 1s; Half-yearly, 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

CROMWELL WATERWORKS.

Under authority of the Municipal Corporation Waterworks Act, 1872.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Plan and Book of Reference required by the above Act, showing the properties about to be acquired by the Corporation for carrying out the proposed Waterworks, and the positions and the names of the present occupiers of the same, have been deposited at the Office of the Town Council, and may be inspected during reasonable hours for a period of three calendar months from the date hereof.

CHAS. COLCLOUGH,
Town Clerk.

9th January 1875.

COACHING NOTICE.

THOMAS GILMOUR

Begs to announce to the public that after 1st January, 1875, he will run a coach as follows:

Between Cromwell and CARDRONA, leaving Cromwell every TUESDAY morning and returning every WEDNESDAY afternoon.

Every exertion made to ensure punctuality.

Parcels carried at reasonable rates, and carefulness in delivery, etc., to be depended upon.

NOTICE.

POISON for DOGS will be laid on MOUNT PISA STATION on and after this date.

I. LOUGHNAN.

Mount Pisa, 12th May, 1870.

ALBERT HOTEL, STORE, & POST-OFFICE,

A L B E R T O W N .

H. NORMAN

Begs to intimate that he has made very extensive improvements in the above old establishment, and can now offer unrivalled accommodation, both for man and horse.

A large stock of GENERAL STORES & DRAPERY always on hand.

Old acquaintances will please remember that they can still make themselves perfectly at home at

H. NORMAN'S,
ALBERTOWN.

ALBION HOTEL AND STORE

LUGGATE,

23 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

GOOD STABLING.

N.R.—District Post Office.

MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

LOUIS HOTOP,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,
ALEXANDRA.

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity. Delivered free of carriage within twenty miles.

Orders left with

MR THEYERS, ALEXANDRA;
MR C. P. BECK, CLYDE;

or at the Brewery, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,
BREWERS,
ALEXANDRA.

J. C. CHAPPLE,
AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

Dunedin Advertisements

WHEELER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY.

R. T. WHEELER,
COLLECTOR,

Advertising and General Commission Agent,

STAFFORD-STREET, DUNEDIN.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

W. REID, NURSEY AND SEEDSMAN,

PRINCES-STREET, DUNEDIN,

has on sale a very large stock of all kinds of FRUIT TREES, from one to six years old; also, a large variety of Pines and other kinds of Forest Trees, Shrubs, Roses, and Flowers; Agricultural, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

All orders well packed, free of charge.

Established Twenty Years.

GEOERGE MATTHEWS,
NURSEYMAN,
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,

MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN.

Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds

Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in season

Garden Tools

Pruning Gloves

Flower Pots, &c. &c.

VULCAN FOUNDRY,
Great King-street, Dunedin.

KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Founders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of castings in Brass and Iron.

Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.

Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Waterwheels;

Quartz-crushing Machinery, Pumping and Wind-ing Gear.

Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates; Sheet-iron Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size of holes), Gold-dredging Spoons, etc.

Flour-mill Machinery.

All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power Machines made and repaired.

Improved Reaping Machines.

K. M'K. and Co.'s improved Wrought-Iron

Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

CRAIG & GILLIES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CABINETMAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS,

Importers of English and Scotch Furniture.

Walnut Drawing-room Suites in various styles;

American Cane and Wood Chairs; Chimney and Dressing Glasses; Iron and Wood Bedsteads and Children's Cots; Spring Mattresses made all sizes; Palliasses, Mattresses, Bolsters, and Pillows; Brussels, Tapestry, Kidder, and Felt Carpets; China, Persian, and Cocoa Mattings; Floorcloths all widths; Door and Fancy Mats in great variety.

Country orders punctually attended to and carefully packed.

Observe—GEORGE STREET, DUNEDIN.

Dunedin

BRITISH HOTEL,
corner of
GEORGE and HANOVER STREETS,
DUNEDIN.

The Proprietor respectfully calls the attention of residents on the Gold-fields to the excellence of accommodation he is enabled to offer to Country Visitors, Travellers, and Boarders.

The Hotel is commodious, well-furnished, and centrally situated.

ALEXANDER M'GREGOR,
Proprietor.

AUSTRALASIAN HOTEL,
MACLAGGAN-STREET, DUNEDIN.

JAMES PATTERSON, late of Clyde, begs to inform his numerous up-country friends that he has leased the above hotel, which he has put in a thorough state of repair. He has spared no expense in making this large and well-known house a comfortable home for boarders; and visitors from up-country will have every attention paid to their welfare. This Hotel is conveniently situated, being within a very short distance of the Railway Station.

Wines and Spirits of the best qualities.

MILLS, DICK, AND CO.,
PAPER BAG

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS' STATIONERS,

STAFFORD ST., DUNEDIN.

Lithographed Show Cards, Bottle Labels,
etc. etc.

Lawrence

VICTORIA HOTEL,
PEEL-STREET, LAWRENCE.

RICHARD WILLIAMS ... Proprietor.

Families and Travellers visiting Lawrence will find every accommodation, and receive the best attention, at this old-established Hotel.

A new building has recently been erected, which considerably enlarges the accommodation and enhances the comfort of visitors. The additions comprise a suit of Private Apartments, commodious Bedrooms, and well furnished and cosy Sittingrooms, and render the Victoria one of the largest and most comfortable country hotels in the province.

A substantial Stable has also been erected, making now 13 stalls; together with four loose boxes and coach house.

Paddock for the accommodation of horses.

Patent Medicine

"LOOK THEN INTO THY HEART
AND WRITE."

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all that I could in a thousand lines, it adapts itself admirably to a large number of cases continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into their hearts" at the reading of this advertisement, and who ponder over it, will say, I know I should write, for I have a great secret there in my heart, hidden deep down, and I fear every day something will shortly shew itself by some plain symptom and make that secret known to my fellow men, and cause me to be pointed at as an object of pity or scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say is it not better for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to one man in whom I have confidence, with whom my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O, Young Man, in thy Youth."

"Look them into thy heart and write," for hundreds have written to me when it has been too late, and who, in place of having "Children like olive-branches round about their table," have their homes desolate, and feel it a reproach upon their manhood to live.

"Look them into thy heart and write," and remember that "As thy days, so shall thy strength be," and that by writing down your case, no eyes but my own see it, that relief mentally and physically can be given to you and that in place of sinking into a dishonored and premature death, you can feel that, in the words of Wordsworth—"An old age serene and bright, and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to thy grave."

LOUIS L. SMITH.

NERVOUSNESS,
DEBILITY,
LOSS OF POWER,
INDISCRETIONS OF EARLY YOUTH,
&c.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to arrest the progress of disease.

Patent Medicines

DR. L. L. SMITH,

(The only legally qualified medical man advertising in these colonies.)

182 COLLINS-STREET EAST, MELBOURNE,
Opposite the Melbourne Club, (late the residence of the Governor).

Private Entrance is in Stephen-street South.

CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... L. L.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so packed as to avoid observation.

Books written by Dr. L. L. Smith,

Post free; postage stamps.

Means of Prolonging Life ... 1s 9d.

Medical Household Sketches, No. 1 3s 0d.

Do do do No. 2 1s 9d.

Weakness and Sterility ... 3s 0d.

Medical Almanac, 1875 ... 6d.

ALL CURES MADE EASY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers, Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed, a poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

Scofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chigoe-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers